## Pre-class Warm-up!!!

In Section 2.3 I did not go over the following question, which starts:

Page 101 question 9 A motor boat weighs 32,000 lb and its motor provides a thrust of 5000lb. Assume that the water resistance is 100 pounds for each foot per second of the speed v of the boat. Then

 $1000 \, \mathrm{dv/dt} = 5000 - 100 \, \mathrm{v}$ 

Then a question is asked about the motor boat.

Do you or your neighbor understand why the number 32,000 does not appear in this

equation?

a. Yes

b. No

Or Does your neighbor undestand where the 1000 comes from in this equation? In fips units I lb is a unit of force In mes units I kg is a unit of mass I slug is accelerated In Pps umts at l P/sec<sup>2</sup> by a 116 force 3/ug of strawberries = 32"pounds" of aroundering

## Section 2.4: Euler's method

We learn:

- What it is and how to do calculations
- What 'step size' is.
- We don't need to know about: other terminology, errors. like ounding char etc

Page 114 question 5. Apply Euler's method twice to approximate y' = y - x - 1, y(0) = 1on the interval [0,1/2], first with step size h = 0.25, then with step size h = 0.1

The actual solution is  $y = 2 + x - e^x$ .

Let 
$$h = x_n - x_{n-1}$$
  
 $y_n = hf(x_{h-1}, y_{n-1}) + y_{n-1} \in \mathbb{R}$ 



